118TH CONGRESS	$\mathbf{C}$	
1st Session		
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To authorize the immediate expulsion of inadmissible aliens attempting to enter the United States by fraud or without a necessary entry document, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Ms.	SINEMA (for herself, Mr. TILLIS, Mr. MANCHIN, and Mr. CORNYN) intr	·0-
	duced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Con	m-
	mittee on	

## A BILL

To authorize the immediate expulsion of inadmissible aliens attempting to enter the United States by fraud or without a necessary entry document, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. TEMPORARY EXPULSION OF INADMISSIBLE AR-
- 4 RIVING ALIENS.
- 5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
- 6 sion of law, during the 2-year period beginning on the date
- 7 of the enactment of this Act, an immigration officer who
- 8 determines that an alien who is arriving in the United
- 9 States at or along the border between the United States

- 1 and Mexico is inadmissible under section paragraph (6)(C)
- 2 or (7) of section 212(a) of the Immigration and Nation-
- 3 ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)), shall, subject to sections 2
- 4 and 3, process the alien for expulsion from the United
- 5 States without further hearing or review.
- 6 (b) Detention Pending Expulsion.—An alien
- 7 subject to expulsion under subsection (a) shall be detained
- 8 pending expulsion.

## 9 SEC. 2. COUNTRIES TO WHICH ALIENS MAY BE EXPELLED.

- 10 (a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
- 11 (b), an alien who is processed for expulsion pursuant to
- 12 section 1(a) shall be expelled to Mexico.
- 13 (b) Alternative Countries.—If the Government
- 14 of Mexico is unwilling to accept an alien subject to expul-
- 15 sion under section 1(a) into the territory of Mexico or if
- 16 the Secretary of Homeland Security determines that ex-
- 17 pulsion to Mexico would not be in the national interest
- 18 of the United States, such alien shall be expelled, as di-
- 19 rected by the Secretary, to—
- 20 (1) the country of which such alien is a citizen,
- 21 subject, or national;
- 22 (2) the country in which such alien was born;
- 23 (3) the country in which such alien has a resi-
- dence; or

(4) a country with a government that will ac-
cept such alien into its territory if expulsion to each
country described in paragraphs (1) through (3) is
impracticable, inadvisable, or impossible.
(c) RESTRICTION ON EXPULSION TO A COUNTRY
WHERE AN ALIEN WOULD BE THREATENED WITH PER-
SECUTION OR TORTURE.—
(1) In general.—Notwithstanding subsections
(a) and (b), and except as provided in paragraph
(2), the Secretary of Homeland Security may not
expel an alien to a country if—
(A) the alien's life or freedom would be
threatened in such country because of such
alien's race religion, nationality, membership in
a particular social group or political opinion; or
(B) there are substantial grounds for be-
lieving that such alien would be in danger of
being subjected to torture if expelled to such
country.
(2) Exception.—Paragraph (1) shall not
apply—
(A) to an alien who is deportable under
section 237(a)(4)(D) of the Immigration and
Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1227(a)(4)(D)); or

1	(B) if the Secretary of Homeland Security
2	determines that—
3	(i) the alien ordered, incited, assisted,
4	or otherwise participated in the persecution
5	of an individual because of the individual's
6	race, religion, nationality, membership in a
7	particular social group, or political opinion;
8	(ii) the alien, having been convicted by
9	a final judgement of a particularly serious
10	crime, is a danger to the citizens of the
11	United States;
12	(iii) there are serious reasons to be-
13	lieve that the alien committed a serious
14	nonpolitical crime outside the United
15	States before the alien arrived in the
16	United States; or
17	(iv) there are reasonable grounds to
18	believe that the alien is a danger to the na-
19	tional security of the United States.
20	(3) Determinations.—
21	(A) Particularly serious crime.—For
22	purposes of paragraph (2)(B)(ii), an alien who
23	has been convicted of an aggravated felony or
24	felonies for which the alien has been sentenced
25	to an aggregate term of imprisonment of not

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less than 5 years shall be considered to have committed a particularly serious crime. Not-withstanding the previous sentence, the Secretary of Homeland Security may determine that an alien sentenced to an aggregate term of imprisonment of less than 5 years has been convicted of a particularly serious crime.

(B) Danger to National Security.—
For purposes of paragraph (2)(B)(iv), an alien who is described in section 237(a)(4)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1227(a)(4)(B)) shall be considered to be an alien with respect to whom there are reasonable grounds for regarding as a danger to the national security of the United States.

## (4) Referral to asylum officer.—

(A) Referral.—If an alien expresses to an immigration officer a fear that such alien's life or freedom would be threatened in the country to which such alien will be expelled or that the alien would be in danger of being subjected to torture in such country, the immigration officer shall refer the alien for an interview by an asylum officer employed in the Refugee, Asylum and International Operations Directorate of

1	U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services for a
2	determination pursuant to paragraphs (1) and
3	(2).
4	(B) Burden of proof; credibility.—In
5	determining whether an alien has demonstrated
6	that such alien's life or freedom would be
7	threatened for a reason described in paragraph
8	(1)(A) or whether the alien would be subjected
9	to torture described in subparagraph (1)(B),
10	the asylum officer shall—
11	(i) determine whether the alien has
12	sustained the alien's burden of proof; and
13	(ii) make credibility determinations, in
14	the manner described in clauses (ii) and
15	(iii) of section 208(b)(1)(B) of the Immi-
16	gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
17	1158(b)(1)(B)).
18	SEC. 3. WAIVER AUTHORITY.
19	(a) In General.—The Office of Field Operations
20	Port Director (referred to in this subsection as "Direc-
21	tor") for each land port of entry situated on the border
22	between the United States and Mexico shall coordinate
23	with the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Pro-
24	tection to determine the maximum number of aliens per

day that the Office of Field Operations staff at such port 2 are capable of— 3 (1) safely processing through such port of 4 entry; and 5 (2) placing with nongovernmental organizations 6 to provide short term shelter and services. 7 (b) STRATEGY.—At the time of a determination 8 under subsection (a), the Director shall develop a strategy to safely and humanely identify eligible individuals in the 10 United States, giving priority to individuals who— 11 (1) have a disability or an acute medical condi-12 tion; 13 (2) are in need of advanced medical care that 14 cannot be obtained in their current location; or 15 (3) are described in section 2(d)(1). 16 (c) Exception.—An immigration officer, after approval from the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Bor-17 der Protection, may, on a case-by-case basis, except an 18 19 alien from expulsion based on the totality of the cir-20 cumstances, including consideration of significant law en-21 forcement officer, public safety, humanitarian, and public health interests. An alien who has been excepted from expulsion under this subsection shall be processed in accordance with the immigration laws (as defined in section

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1 101(a)(17) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8

2 U.S.C. 1101(a)(17)).