

West Virginia Wins in FY22



Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill

Congressionally Directed Spending Requests

\$47,859,000 in "earmarks" for critical projects across the state of West Virginia

- Rehabilitation and Revitalization of Charles Washington's Home, "Happy Retreat" (\$500,000)
- Trail Connectivity to New River Gorge National Park and Preserve (\$1,500,000)
- Water and Wastewater Projects:
 - Burnsville Wastewater Collection System Rehabilitation Project (\$669,000)
 - Canaan Valley Public Service District (\$8,000,000)
 - Grafton Wastewater Systems Improvement Project (\$3,000,000)
 - Greenbrier County Phase II Waterline Extension (\$1,500,000)
 - Kermit Water Treatment Facility Rehabilitation (\$2,747,000)
 - McDowell County Septic Tank Solutions (DigDeep) (\$495,000)
 - Parsons Sanitary Sewer System Compliance (\$1,600,000)
 - Ravenswood Pump Station Improvements \$\$2,000,000)
 - Ripley Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvements (\$3,000,000)
 - Rowlesburg Sanitary Sewer System Upgrade (\$7,578,000)
 - Weirton Water Treatment Capacity Project (\$22,470,000)

Conservation and Preservation

- Abandoned Mine Land Economic Revitalization (AMLER) Program: \$25 million for West Virginia through the
 Department of Interior's AMLER, which provides grants to the six Appalachian States with the highest amount of
 unfunded Priority 1 and Priority 2 AML problems. to accelerate the remediation of AML sites with economic and
 community development end uses.
- National Conservation Training Center (NCTC): \$30 million for the NCTC within U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service to
 address maintenance needs and expand educational programming. This increase will also prevent funds from being
 pulled from vital educational activities.
- Federal Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR): \$9 million within the EPA for implementation of the federal CCR permit
 program, including an additional \$3 million for state grants to design and administer state permit schemes. West
 Virginia has eight CCR sites.
- West Virginia Heritage Areas: \$500,000 for the National Coal Heritage Area and \$500,000 for the Wheeling National Heritage Area.

Protecting West Virginians

- Minden Superfund Site Cleanup: Report language urging the EPA to continue regular reporting on their remediation, removal, and relocation actions at the Shaffer Equipment/Arbuckle Creek National Priorities List. The EPA has removed over 5,000 tons of polluted soil since 1984 and Minden's cancer rate is significantly greater than that of the rest of Fayette County.
- Hazardous Fires: \$360 million for the National Forest Service and through the U.S. Forest Service for Hazardous Fuels.

Water

- Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF): \$1.69 billion, an increase of \$50 million over FY21, which provides
 flexible financing for communities by way of a permanent, independent source of low-cost financing for water quality
 infrastructure projects.
- Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF): \$1.18 billion, an increase of \$50 million over FY21, for DWSRF to provide low-cost financing for drinking water projects.
- Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Technical Assistance: \$25.7 million for the SDWA competitive grant program for qualified non-profit organizations to provide technical assistance for improved water quality or safe drinking water, adequate wastewater to small systems, or individual private well owners.





West Virginia Recovery

- Dislocated Coal Miners: \$1.11 billion for dislocated worker state formula grants, \$49 million increase over FY2021. This includes \$316 million for the dislocated worker assistance national reserve and \$12 million for programs for West Virginia, Kentucky, and Ohio.
- Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA): \$402.2 million for MSHA, a \$22.4 million increase over FY21.
- Black Lung Clinics: \$12.19 million for Black Lung Clinics.

Opioids

- Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment (SAPT) Block Grant: More than \$3 billion for SAPT. This critical program supports lifesaving substance use disorder treatment and prevention. This year's funding includes a new set-aside for recovery services. The bill also includes report language for review and changes to the distribution formula for SAPT funds to ensure the hardest hit states receive sufficient funds.
- State Opioid Response (SOR) Grants: \$2 billion for the SOR Grant program to provide states with critical funding
 to ensure they can address the drug epidemic. This also includes a 15% set-aside for States with the highest ageadjusted mortality rate related to substance use disorders.
- Funding for Curbing the Rise of HIV: This bill includes language to direct funding to jurisdictions with the highest age-adjusted mortality rate related to SUDs and acute hepatitis C infection, including those not eligible for Ending the HIV Epidemic funding.
- Helping to End Addiction Long-Term (HEAL) Initiative: \$270 million for the HEAL Initiative at the National Institute on Drug Abuse. This Initiative conducts research related to opioids, pain and pain management.
- 340B Compliance: This bill supports HRSA's continued use of its authorities and any available measures, including the imposition of civil penalties, to hold drug manufacturers directly accountable for violating the law. The Committee directs HRSA to provide a report on actions taken to safeguard covered entities' lawful access to discounted drugs through the 340B program.

Rural

- Designation of Rural Areas: Language to direct the Health Resources and Services Administration's (HRSA)
 Federal Office of Rural Health Policy (FOHRP) to research the feasibility of identifying census tracts to better reflect the makeup of populations of Appalachia. Rural areas in West Virginia have been wrongly designated as urban, leaving them out of critical funding opportunities at HRSA.
- Telehealth Flexibilities: Language in support of telehealth flexibilities initiated during the pandemic that helped provide access to care in rural areas.

Healthcare

- Administration on Community Living: \$2.8 billion, an increase of \$570 million, to expand support for older Americans and Individuals with Disabilities.
- Biomedical Advanced Research and Development Authority (BARDA): \$111 million, an increase of \$48 million over fiscal year 2021 and \$20 million over the President's budget request.
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC): \$9.73 billion, an increase of \$1.85 billion over FY2021 and the largest increase in budget authority provided to the agency in nearly two decades.
- Health Resources and Services Administration: \$9.2 billion for HRSA, an increase of \$1.7 billion above fiscal year 2021 and \$1 billion above the President's budget request. This includes increases for dozens of programs that expand access to high quality health care, train health care providers, support maternal and child health care, and provide HIV/AIDS prevention and treatment.
- Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP): \$3.9 billion, an increase of \$175 million over FY2021.

Education

- Title I Education Grants: \$33.1 billion for Title I funding, which provides services to our most vulnerable students, including those who are experiencing homelessness.
- Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants: \$905 million, a \$25 million increase over FY2021
- Federal TRIO Program: \$1.3 billion to support TRIO programs, a \$186 million increase over FY2021

Federal Work Study: \$1.23 billion, a \$25 million increase over FY2021

Homeless Youth

 McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth: \$146.5 million for the McKinney-Vento program, an increase of \$40 million over FY21. This program provides specific and targeted assistance for homeless children and youth across this country.

Related Agencies

- Institute of Museum and Library Services (IMLS): \$282 million.
- Social Security Administration: \$13.9 billion, an increase of more than \$1 billion over FY2021, for SSA's administrative expenses.
- Corporation for Public Broadcasting: \$565 million, an increase of \$90 million more than the amount for fiscal year 2023, and \$20 million for fiscal year 2022 for the public broadcasting interconnection system, which will support investments in system-wide infrastructure and services that benefit the American people.

Congressionally Directed Spending Requests

\$41,662,000 for "earmarks" for critical projects across the state of West Virginia.

- American Red Cross Appalachia (\$165,000): Procures three Ram ProMaster 3500 vehicles and one Ford Transit Connect to maintain blood services vehicles.
- Cabell Huntington Hospital Neonatal Program (\$267,000): Expands an existing program for families with babies in the Neonatal Therapeutic Unit (NTU) at Hoops Family Children's Hospital at Cabell Huntington Hospital (CHH).
- Charleston Area Medical Center (\$5,000,000): Funds an advanced, enterprise imaging system.
- Charleston Hope Community Development (\$500,000): Upgrades and outfit an existing building to create and launch the Hope Community Development Corporation's Affiliate Workforce Center.
- Wheeling OVMC Upgrades (\$500,000): Undertakes the design and engineering of public infrastructure, including HVAC and energy efficient systems, needed to reopen the Ohio Valley Medical Center (OVMC) hospital and health complex.
- Community Care of WV Behavioral Health (\$1,250,000): Provides Behavioral Health in all of its fifty-four School Based Wellness Center locations, spanning six rural counties in North Central West Virginia.
- Concord University Nursing (\$850,000): Establishes a school of professional nursing with an emphasis on rural health solutions.
- Generation West Virginia NewForce (\$167,000): to support Generation West Virginia's (GWV) NewForce program, a six-month, technology skills training program addressing the worker-skill mismatch in the state.
- Ceredo Golden Girl Group Home (\$100,000): Provides supplemental education to female foster youth at the Golden Girl Group Home in Ceredo.
- Grafton-Taylor County Health Department (\$75,000): Procures equipment and furnishings for newly constructed
 Health Department.
- Marshall University Center of Excellence for Recovery (\$4,961,000): Enhances and increases efforts to address mental and behavioral health needs in rural and underserved areas.
- Marshall University Robert C. Byrd Institute Apprenticeship Works (\$4,500,000): Supports Apprenticeship Works, which is administered by the Robert C. Byrd Institute at Marshall University (MU).
- Morgan County Partnership (\$200,000): Provides substance abuse prevention education to students ages 9-18 attending Morgan County Schools.
- Mon Health Preston Memorial Hospital (\$580,000): Constructs and equips a chemotherapy infusion center and renovate the hospital pharmacy.
- New River Health Association (\$5,000,000): Transforms a large medical complex and community conference center into a single, expanded medical facility.
- Potomac Valley Hospital Drug Addiction Center (\$750,000): Funds construction and renovation of Potomac Valley Hospital's Drug Addiction Center in Keyser.
- Shepherd University (\$36,000): Funds new equipment, technology, and an education software that would assist students with everything from learning disabilities, to visual impairments, to international students whose first language is not English.
- Thomas Health Systems Renovation (\$1,200,000): Funds the renovation of a floor of the Medical Office Building South on the campus of Thomas Health's St. Francis Hospital in Charleston, West Virginia.

- West Virginia 211 (\$500,000): Funds to support, sustain and enhance West Virginia 211, West Virginia's critical statewide information and resources center.
- West Virginia Health Right (\$4,000,000): Support a clinic expansion.
- West Virginia Rural Water Association (\$6,341,000): Supports and expands workforce development and apprenticeship activities consistent with National Guideline Standards of Apprenticeship for Water and Wastewater Systems Operation Specialists.
- West Virginia University Children's Hospital (\$2,790,000): Completes the construction of a new West Virginia
 University (WVU) Medicine Children's Hospital.
- West Virginia University Wastewater Testing (\$930,000): Develops the infrastructure for early detection of disease outbreaks and dangerous drug use.
- Williamson Health and Wellness Center (\$2,000,000): Reopens the Williamson Memorial Hospital, which would be the only hospital in Mingo County.







West Virginia Wins in FY22 <u>Transportation, Housing & Urban Development,</u> <u>& Related Agencies</u> Appropriations Bill

Congressionally Directed Spending Requests

\$26,767,000 in funding for "earmarks" for critical projects across the state of West Virginia:

- Barbour & Harrison Homeless Housing (\$2,000,000): Construct and rehabilitates 10 units of housing in Barbour and 10 units of housing in Harrison for a total of 20 units of new housing.
- **Bluefield Historic District Restoration (\$600,000):** Fund for the City of Bluefield to support renovations to historic district building restoration.
- Braxton County BAD Buildings Fund (\$500,000): Upgrades, repairs, conducts asbestos abatement and demolishes blighted, abandoned, and dilapidated buildings in Sutton, Gassaway, and Burnsville.
- Coalfields Expressway (\$500,000): Funding for a planned four-lane highway beginning at the confluence of Interstate 77 and 64 near Beckley, WV and ending in Pound, VA to open up portions of the state.
- Clarksburg Airport Earth Moving (\$5,000,000): Complete the necessary earth movement to provide a site for CKB Airport's new terminal facility.
- Elkins Tygart Hotel (\$1,750,000): Renovate the Tygart Hotel in Elkins to clean up downtown and help improve regional tourism.
- Fairmont Regional Tech Hub (\$1,000,000): Funds a planned mixed-use development that will have a tech workforce training program, co-working space, entrepreneurial incubator, and mixed-income residential units.
- Mingo County Airport Access Road (\$3,300,000): Access road at the Appalachian Regional Airport, enabling Mingo County to develop new industry and grow economic sectors.
- Parkersburg Airport Main Terminal Improvements (\$398,000): Improvements to the main terminal at the Mid-Ohio Valley Regional Airport to improve confidence and increase enplanements.
- Parkersburg Airport Parking Area Repairs (\$339,000): Improvements to accommodate increasing enplanements and other factors.
- Smithers Trail System (\$4,688,000): Constructs an integrated trail system in the City of Smithers.
- Thomas Multi-Use Co-Working and Small Business Center (\$622,000): Multiuse co-working and small business center in Thomas, WV to address workforce housing shortages and spur economic development.
- WV Community Development Hub Skill Training (\$150,000): Support an entry-level training and skill development program for community leaders.
- WV Land Stewardship RAISE Pilot Program (\$1,000,000): Establishes a pilot program to issue grants to communities with established dilapidated building inventories to demolish or rehabilitate buildings.
- WV Municipal League Cities Forward (\$300,000): Helps the West Virginia Municipal League and WVU establish an
 initiative to boost the ability of West Virginia's cities to boost their economies
- Wheeling Grow Ohio Valley Food Hub (\$620,000): Completes critical building renovations and program-specific fixtures and furnishings, including commercial kitchen appliances, food processing equipment, and other equipment for the Wheeling Food Hub.
- Brooke County Port of WV Railroad Bridge Improvements (\$4,000,000): Rail infrastructure and upgrades at the site.

Transportation

- Corridor H: \$100 million for the construction of the Appalachian Development Highway System, which includes Corridor
 H in WV, including language encouraging FHWA to report on expanded corridors like King Coal Highway and
 Coalfields Expressway in WV.
- Bridge Replacement and Rehabilitation Program: \$1.345 billion for the bridge replacement and rehabilitation program and \$125 million for a competition bridge program. WV's proportion of structurally deficient bridges was ranked as worst in the nation by the 2022 American Road and Transportation Builders Association Bridge Report.
- Commuter Rail in Rural Areas: \$2.473 billion to support commuter rail in rural areas, which historically have significant issues maintaining ridership necessary to keep up with repairs and maintenance, which is a virtuous cycle.
- Essential Air Service: \$318 million to fully fund the Essential Air Service (EAS) program, which connects over 170 small communities in the U.S. to the National Air Transportation System.

- Airport Improvement Program: \$3.75 billion for AIP grants, including report language on prioritizing funds for nonhub, small hub, and nonprimary airports, as well as airports that have not received awards in the last three rounds
- RAISE Grants: \$1.9 billion for RAISE grants, including \$35 million set aside for technical assistance and capacity building.

Housing

- Homeless Assistance Grants: \$3.26 billion for HUD Homeless Assistance Grants, including \$50 million for new Continuum of Care projects to provide supportive housing for both unsheltered and chronic homelessness
- Youth Homelessness: \$107 million for new targeted projects serving youth experiencing homelessness, including \$25 million for local capacity building to assist communities in improving their youth homelessness systems.
- **NeighborWorks:** \$166 million (\$1 million above FY21 funding)
- CDBG-DR: Permanently authorizes CDBG-DR, providing stability to this program that provides assistance to disaster-impacted communities like those in WV impacted by flooding.
- HOME Investment Partnership: \$1.45 billion to NeighborWorks \$166 million, \$1 million above to FY21







West Virginia Wins in FY 2022 <u>Commerce, Justice, Science and Related Agencies</u> Appropriations Bill

Congressionally Directed Spending Requests

\$9,859,000 in "earmarks" for critical projects across the state of West Virginia.

- Charleston Drug Market Intervention Initiative (\$300,000): Establishes an interagency program to target and shut down drug markets in Charleston's most distressed neighborhoods.
- Charleston Eyes & Ears Police Technology Initiative (\$750,000): Launches a community-based "Eyes and
 Ears in the Neighborhood" to deploy doorbell cameras at homes and apartments to provide a tool for police
 to identify threats, as well as additional funding requests for gunfire detection technologies.
- I-79 High Technology Park Joint Technology Consortium (\$2,000,000): Creates a consortium with the NOAA Technology Partnership Office to facilitate proposals related to the NOAA Big Data Program.
- Marshall University Law Enforcement Training Center in Forensic Sciences (\$1,750,000): Establishes a
 center to train state and local law enforcement in forensic science.
- New Martinsville Law Enforcement Cameras (\$58,000): Purchases vehicle and body cameras for law
 enforcement officers in New Martinsville, which currently does not have the funding to provide body cameras
 to all its officers.
- Shepherd University Campus Security Upgrades (\$4,000,000): Provides an integrated security camera system across campus, additional vehicles, a communication system, an integrated locking system and other improvement.
- Wheeling Law Enforcement Technology Program (\$1,001,000): Outfits the new Wheeling Police
 Department headquarters with additional technology including computers, data servers, and security.

Science

- National Aeronautics & Space Administration (NASA) Funding: \$24.8 billion, \$1.5 billion over FY21.
- National Science Foundation (NSF) Funding: \$9.5 billion, +\$1 billion over FY2021.
- NASA Independent Verification & Validation (IV&V): Funding for NASA's Katherine Johnson IV&V Center, which is located in Fairmont. This increased funding will help support the increased demand for IV&V support across NASA Programs and Centers.
- National Oceanographic & Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Supercomputing: \$50 million for Research Supercomputing through NOAA, an increase of \$6.5 million over FY2021. This funding provides dedicated funding support for the Hera supercomputer located in Fairmont to provide essential infrastructure support in addressing climate modeling and R&D.

Department of Justice

- FBI Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) Division: \$625,589,000 for the FBI's CJIS Division, including \$169 million for the operation of the National Instant Criminal Background Check System. CJIS is located in Clarksburg and has had a massive increase in background checks requested. This addresses the CJIS's need for alleviating the background check strain.
- FBI Police: Report language encouraging the FBI to coordinate with the Office of Personnel Management
 (OPM) to designate FBI Police as law enforcement officers and make the rates of basic pay, salary schedule, pay provisions, and benefits applicable to other similar law enforcement divisions in the capital region.
- Federal Bureau of Prisons: \$7.939 billion for the Federal Bureau of Prisons Salaries and Expenses, an increase of \$231 million over FY2021.



Congressionally Directed Spending Requests

\$1,870,000 in funding for three "earmarks" for critical projects across the state of West Virginia

- FASTER WV (\$300,000): Provides business coaching, entrepreneurial training course work, and access to capital for new and expanding small businesses for Advantage Valley.
- Marshall University Aerospace Manufacturing Training (\$1 million): Assists Marshall University in standing up training programs related to the aerospace sector.
- WVU-Parkersburg Agribusiness Development Accelerator (\$570,000): Establishes, on existing farm
 property, an agribusiness including production, community and workforce education, and provide small
 business incubator opportunities for entrepreneurs.









West Virginia Wins in FY22 Homeland Security Appropriations Bill

Congressionally Directed Spending Requests

Fourpole Creek Pump Station (\$2,925,000): This funding will be used to cover the majority of the costs to conduct design and engineering of a project that will repair or replace pumps and electronics at the Fourpole Creek Pump Station. Without these critical updates, the City of Huntington would continue to be at greater risk of widespread damage from flooding caused by the inability to pump stormwater to outside of the levee system.

Disaster Recovery

Federal-State Post Disaster Coordination: With the time and strain on families to jump-start their recovery from a major disaster and overwhelming information that comes with it, the bill includes language recommending FEMA to work with other federal and state agencies to evaluate how post-disaster and recovery information is disbursed and how to simplify and improve dissemination of such information.

Securing our Homeland

- Immigration and Customs Enforcement Opioid/Fentanyl Detection: \$3 million for the Homeland Security
 Investigations (HSI) Cyber Crime Investigative Capabilities program to support funding for collaboration with its
 university partners to support critical homeland security-related research to enhance long-term homeland security
 capabilities. HSI and Marshall University have worked collaboratively to develop a program to combat opioid
 trafficking on the dark web.
- Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Opioid/Fentanyl Detection: HSI and Marshall University have worked collaboratively to develop a program to combat opioid trafficking on the dark web.
- Rebuttal Assumption: In response to China dodging levies by entering the U.S. through several countries not subject to
 the same tariffs, this report language encourage Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to conduct a study on the
 benefits of a rebuttal presumption of evasion to an entire country when there was a prior CBP finding of evasion from
 the same country.
- Customs and Border Protection's (CBP) Advanced Training Center: \$21 million for CBP's Advanced Training Center in Harper's Ferry, a \$9 million increase, to help fund expansion and further improvements to the existing facility. The work that has been done for more than a decade at the Advanced Training Center is critical for providing the educational and training tools to our federal law enforcement officers needed for protecting our Homeland.

Coast Guard

- USCG Cybersecurity: In an effort to increase the cyber protection capabilities for the Coast Guard Network, this bill
 includes report language including the implementation of a zero trust security model across all information technology
 infrastructure.
- USCG IT Modernization: \$112.2 million to modernize the Coast Guard's IT capabilities. As the maritime domain becomes increasingly complex and connected, the outdated equipment is far behind and has resulted in several critical hardware failures. This funding will enable them to deploy monitoring capabilities, modernize software, and patch emergent security of enterprise systems and application vulnerabilities jointly identified by the Coast Guard and DoD.



West Virginia Wins in FY22 Defense Appropriations Bill



West Virginia's Industrial Base

- Rare Earth Element Extraction from Acid Mine Drainage: \$3 million for a feasibility study over 3 years on utilizing technologies that separate critical minerals from acid mine drainage for the purpose of supplementing DoD's domestic supply of critical minerals. This process was developed by researchers at West Virginia University and has been successful in models and the small pilot scale.
- Amsted Synthetic Graphite: \$9 million for the secure, fair, and domestic production of synthetic graphite precursor
 material. The nation lacks the supply currently and this funding will benefit companies like West Virginia's Amsted in
 securing our national supply chain.
- MQ-4C Triton: \$431 million for the Navy's MQ-4C Triton, which is a forward-deployed, land-based, autonomous aircraft system that provides persistent maritime Intelligence, Surveillance, Reconnaissance and Targeting (ISR&T) capability. This additional funding will incorporate a robust signals intelligence capability (Multi-INT) to the baseline system. Aurora Flight Systems in Bridgeport, WV is a critical supplier for this program.
- NSS Idemia Installation Access Control: \$126.67 million in funding to support efforts to expedite secure access to the
 U.S. Army Redstone Arsenal. The majority of systems engineering work for this project will be performed by a team of
 industry experts in Morgantown, WV.
- Allegany Ballistics Laboratory: \$116 million for the Single Source Guided Multiple Launch Rocket System. The
 majority of production takes place at the Allegany Ballistics Laboratory in Rocket Center, WV.

Research & Development in West Virginia

- WVU Partnership on Army Portable Power System: \$4 million for Lightweight Portable Power Generation through
 WVU to improve fuel efficiency of soldier portable power.
- Marshall Carbon Material Technologies: \$3 million for the Air Force Civil Engineer Center's RDT&E effort to develop carbon material technologies and material systems for asphalt sustainment and repair. Marshall University is involved in this research.
- Counter WMD Advanced Technology Development: \$4 million
- Marshall Urban Subterranean Mapping Technology: \$4 million to develop technologies that allow the mapping of underground areas for use in counterdrug, counterterrorism, and mining operations.
- Adaptive Future Force (AFF): \$8 million for the Office of Naval Research's Adaptive Future Force which executes
 events in a force-on-force environment to test, evaluate, and validate concepts, technologies and methods to determine
 the best future vector for US military forces against opponents. This incorporates technologies from West Virginia
 University and utilizes experimental facilities in Fola, West Virginia.
- DEPSCoR: \$19 million in additional funds for DEPSCoR, which helps WV institutions compete for research with the Department of Defense.

West Virginia National Guard

- Starbase Program: \$42 million to support hands on science, technology, engineering, and math learning by engaging children in the fifth grade with National Guard, Army, Navy, Marine, and Air Forces personnel in their states.
- Mountaineer ChalleNGe Academy: \$85 million to provide students from age 16-18 who are at risk from not graduating from a typical high school with a structured alternative to completing high school.







West Virginia Wins in FY22 Legislative Branch Appropriations Bill

Topline

- FY2022 Senate Mark: \$4.016 billion, compared to \$4.14 billion in the President's request and above
 \$3.685 in FY21
- Member Pay Freeze: continues to include a provision that prohibits Members from receiving a Cost of Living Adjustment. Last COLA for Members of Congress was 2009.

Health & Safety

- Capitol Police: \$606.6 million for the Capitol Police, \$91 million above the FY2021 enacted level and \$12.6 million below the FY22 budget request (duplicates removed from the January 6th supplemental bill). This funding covers salaries, increase of civilian personnel, and provides overtime and retention benefits.
- Coronavirus Response: \$5 million for the Office of the Attending Physician for continuing to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic including testing, vaccine handling and boosters in the Capitol Complex.
- Business Continuity Disaster Recovery Fund: \$25 million provided for a new Business Continuity Disaster Recovery (BCDR) fund, managed by the Senate Sergeant at Army to allow the Senate to develop and maintain continuity capabilities and quickly meet unanticipated needs, covering costs of IT disaster recovery planning and operations, and more.

Accountability & Budget

- Internships for Students: \$70,000 for Senators' Office Allocations for Intern Compensation, \$1 million above
 FY21 and the President's Budget Request.
- Congressional Budget Office: \$60 million for CBO, \$3 million above the FY21 enacted level and the FY22 Budget Request.
- Government Accountability Office: \$717.5 million for GAO, which is a \$56.3 million above FY21 enacted and \$26.8 below the President's Budget Request.